

# Graphic Design

## Session 2

PMAP 8551/4551: Data Visualization with R  
Andrew Young School of Policy Studies  
Fall 2025

# Plan for today

**Truth, beauty, stories, design**

**Graphic design and CRAP**

**Contrast**

**Alignment**

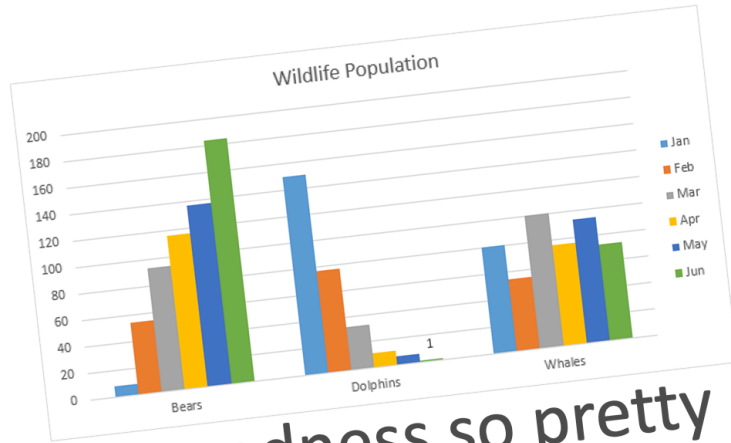
**Repetition**

**Proximity**

**Image types**

# Truth, beauty, stories, design

# Why even care about design?



omgoodness so pretty

I don't need to waste time with design.  
My data and findings will  
speak for themselves.

How great is Times New Roman, amirite?

Everyone uses Comic Sans,  
so it must be good

Plus, Avatar uses Papyrus as the  
subtitle font, so it's definitely great

# Content + form

**Art is how we translate  
core, essential content  
to different forms  
for specific audiences.**

# Stories + content + form

**Stories are an art form for translating core, essential content to different forms for specific audiences.**

# Stories

**“A need to tell and hear stories is essential to the species *Homo sapiens*—second in necessity apparently after nourishment and before love and shelter.”**

**—Reynolds Price, from *A Palpable God***

# Beauty, stories, and truth

Truth comes from **aesthetic** combination of content and form.

Raw facts must be communicated through some form.

**Beauty** shapes that form.

There are aesthetic principles we can follow to create beauty—and truth.



# Graphic design and CRAP

# Principles of design

There are thousands of books and centuries of debate and theory about what makes good design.

For this class, the easiest and most memorable distillation of these principles is **CRAP**.

# CRAP

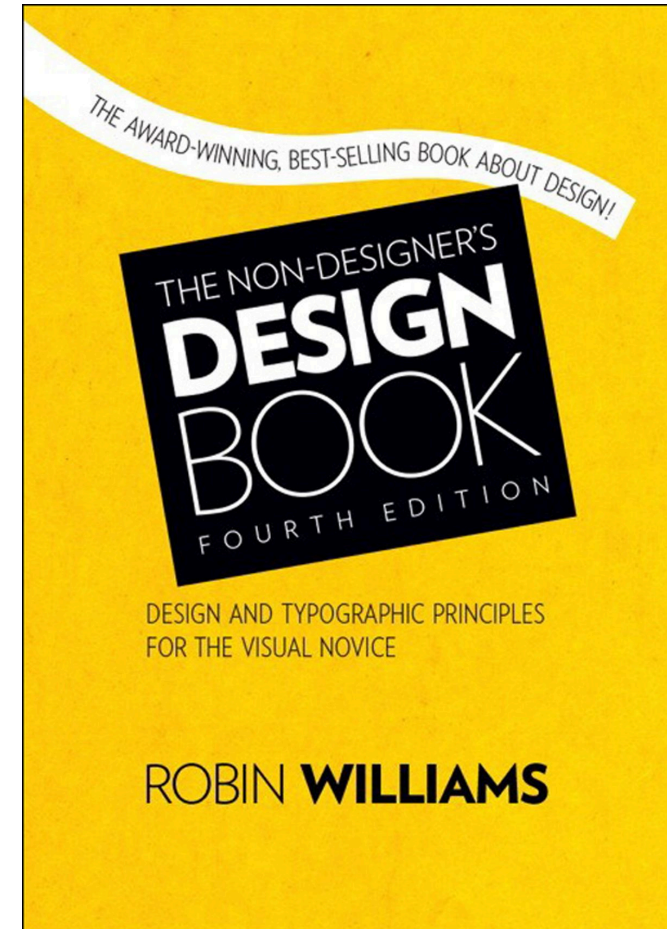
Use these principles as a checklist when creating and critiquing designed objects:

**Contrast**

**Repetition**

**Alignment**

**Proximity**



Buy this book and your life will change forever.

# Contrast

**If two items are not exactly  
the same, make them different.  
Really different.**

**Don't be a wimp.**

# Typographic contrast: Family

Use contrasting type families

Serif + Sans serif

*Script* + Serif

**Slab** + Sans serif

etc.

Serif

Sphinx of black quartz, judge my vow

Sans serif

Sphinx of black quartz, judge my vow

Slab serif

**Sphinx of black quartz, judge my vow**

Script

*Sphinx of black quartz, judge my vow*

Monospaced

Sphinx of black quartz, judge my vow

# Typographic contrast: Family

## Add contrast in family

Here's a heading

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,  
consectetur adipisicing elit, sed  
do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut  
labore et dolore magna aliqua.

**Here's a heading**

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,  
consectetur adipisicing elit, sed  
do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut  
labore et dolore magna aliqua.

# Typographic contrast: Weight

Use contrasting weights in same type family

<b>Bold + Regular</b>	Regular + Extra light	<b>Black + Light</b>	<b>etc.</b>
Extra light	Sphinx of black quartz, judge my vow		
Light	Sphinx of black quartz, judge my vow		
Regular	Sphinx of black quartz, judge my vow		
Semi bold	<b>Sphinx of black quartz, judge my vow</b>		
Bold	<b>Sphinx of black quartz, judge my vow</b>		
Black	<b>Sphinx of black quartz, judge my vow</b>		

# Typographic contrast: Weight

Add contrast in weight

Here's a heading

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,  
consectetur adipisicing elit, sed  
do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut  
labore et dolore magna aliqua.

**Here's a heading**

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,  
consectetur adipisicing elit, sed  
do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut  
labore et dolore magna aliqua.



# Size contrast

Use contrasting sizes

Huge

Big

Regular

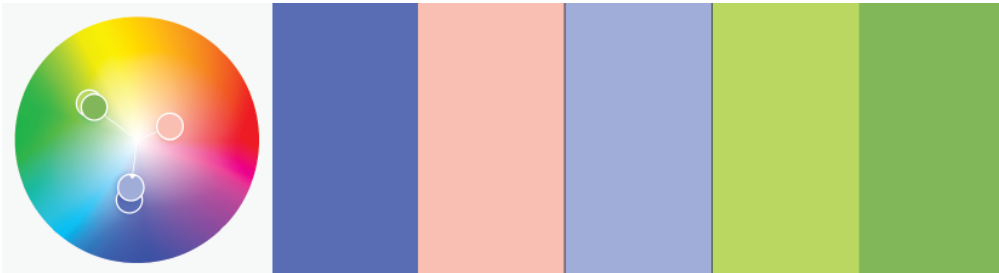
Small

Tiny

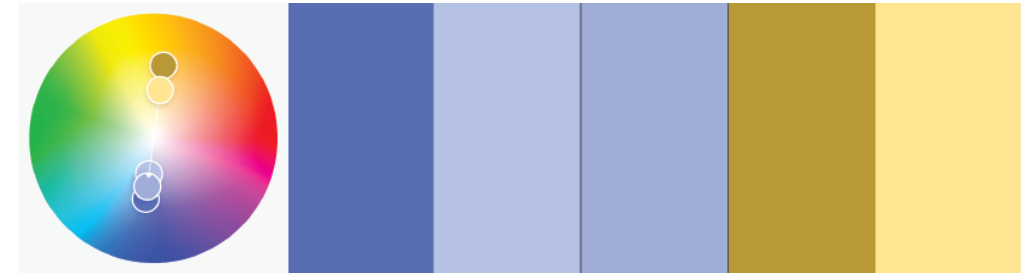
# Color contrast

## Color theory

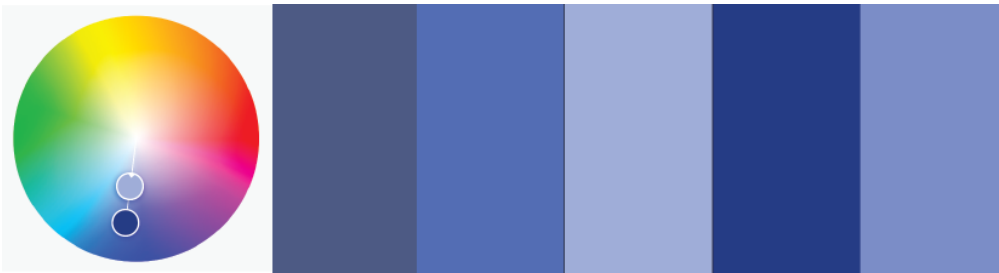
[color.adobe.com](https://color.adobe.com)



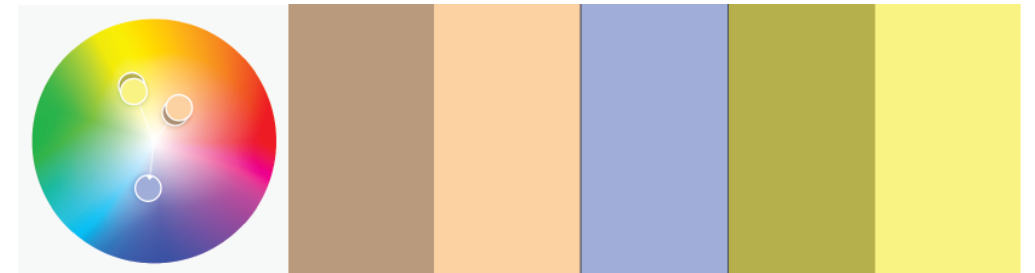
Triad



Complementary



Monochromatic



Split complementary

# Color contrast



Colors extracted from an image at [color.adobe.com](https://color.adobe.com)

# Usability and accessibility

## Perceptually uniform colors

Values close to each other use similar colors,  
and values far from each other use different colors

## Colorblind-safe colors

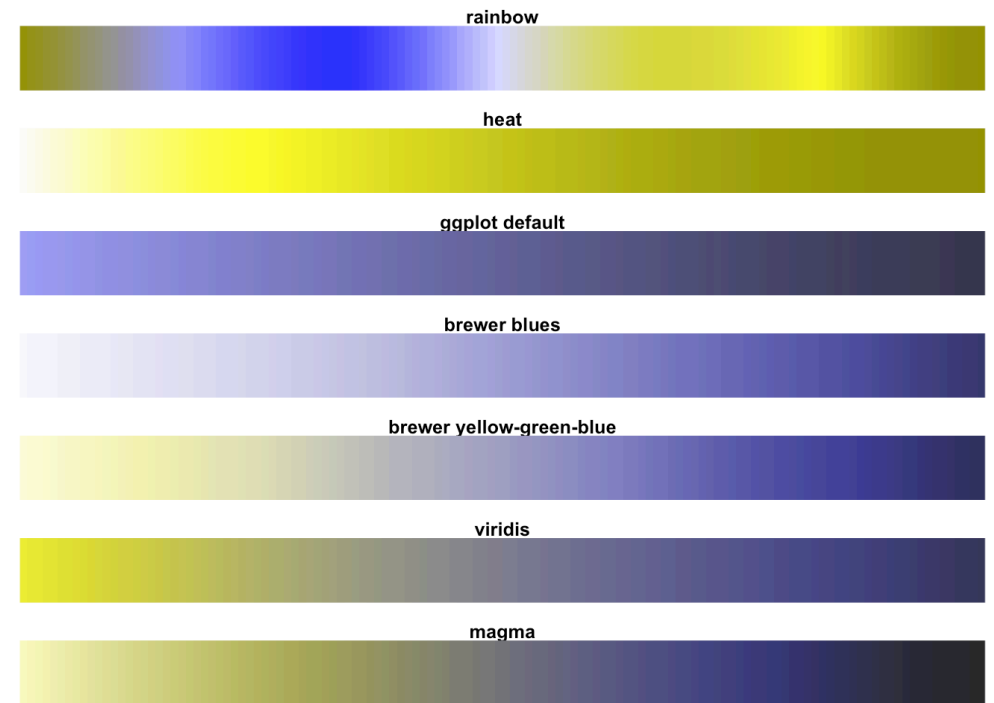
8% of men & 0.05% of women have some form of color blindness

Colors should be distinguishable by people  
with common forms of color blindness

# Perceptually uniform colors

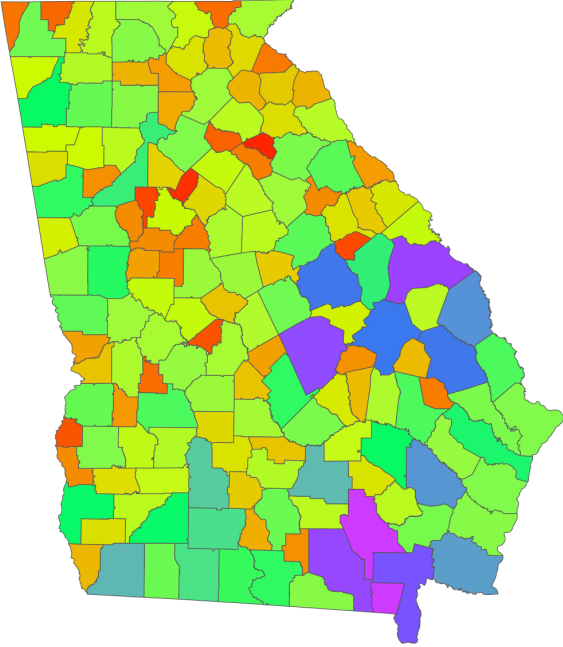


Traditional palettes vs. viridis

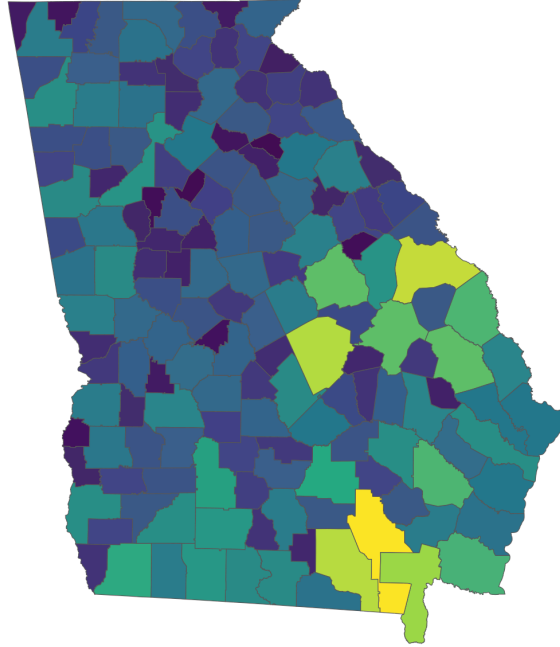


Traditional palettes vs. viridis as seen with deuteranopia

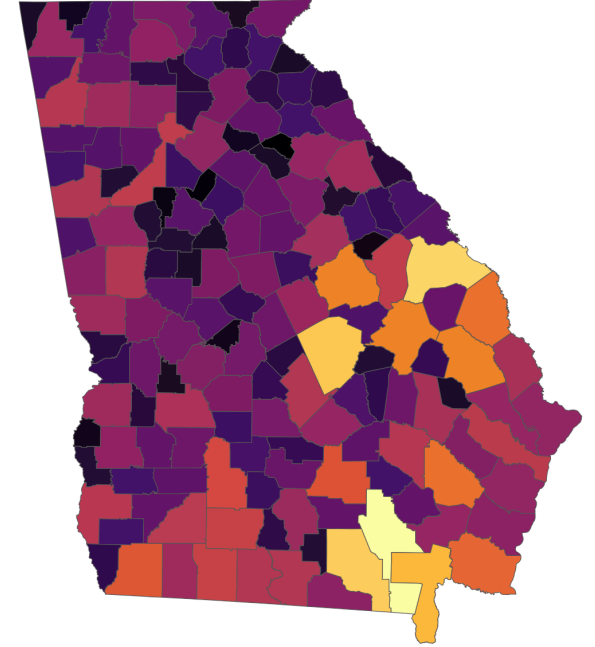
# Perceptually uniform colors



Georgia counties filled by area,  
rainbow palette (NOT GOOD)



Georgia counties filled by area,  
viridis::viridis palette



Georgia counties filled by area,  
viridis::inferno palette

# Repetition

**Repeat some aspect  
of the design throughout  
the entire piece.**

# Things to repeat

**Colors**

**Fonts**

Families, weights, sizes

**Graphical elements**

**Alignments**



# WE HELP PEOPLE BUILD BETTER FUTURES FOR THEMSELVES

Oxfam provides grants and technical support to local organizations around the world to support long-term solutions that help people grow nutritious food, access land and clean water, and—as one of our programs in Jordan illustrates—obtain decent work and fair wages.

## MORE THAN A PIPE DREAM

Water scarcity is a major problem in Jordan. Aging water infrastructure and a rapidly increasing population—the conflict in Syria has driven more than 650,000 Syrians to settle in Jordan—have created a situation where every drop counts.

Currently, more than 40 percent of Jordan's water leaks out of broken pipes, so knowing how to fix them is critical. When Oxfam and its partners started a program in northern Jordan to improve the water sector, we made training plumbers—particularly women—a priority.

Funding from the Canadian government helped us equip more than 400 women with basic plumbing skills not only to fix leaks in their homes but to acquire enough plumbing know-how to enter the labor market.

Mariam Tawfeeq Matlaq, 44, picked up a wrench five years ago and started her own business north of Amman soon after. "As soon as I received the training to be a plumber, I had a dream to open a shop," she says, though it wasn't easy to get off the ground. "There are negative perceptions of a woman plumbing in my community. The competition between me and the male plumbers can be difficult."

Still, she says, "I've proved it to people, my community, and the world around me that women can do anything, whether it is conventional or not."

Matlaq has trained many women and recommends them for jobs when she can.

"Women here want to work," she says. "We want opportunities, but often there aren't any for us. We need support from organizations to keep growing these opportunities."



ABOVE, TOP: Mariam Tawfeeq Matlaq fixes the water tank on her rooftop in Zarqa, north of Amman, Jordan, after receiving training from Oxfam on basic plumbing skills. Now she's training other women to become plumbers.

ABOVE, BOTTOM: Matlaq opened her hardware store a year ago in Zarqa and employs several male plumbers who work across the city.

OPPOSITE: "I have been a plumber for five years now. I like it a lot—I especially like the challenges I face," Matlaq says.

PHOTOS: Abbie Traylor-Smith/Oxfam

# WE SAVE LIVES IN DISASTERS AND CONFLICTS

We work with local organizations to provide assistance during conflicts and disasters, but we also partner with community and national advocates to change the conditions that create them. That's the case in Central America and Mexico, where Oxfam has worked for many decades.

## LITTLE CHOICE BUT TO LEAVE

Last fall, Nelson Chavez left his home in El Salvador because he couldn't make enough money to support his family. He worked for a honey producer, bottling honey and selling it from his home. But his income only covered half of what his family needs.

Chavez was one of thousands of people fleeing El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, and Mexico to look for a better life in the United States. "What we have in common is the necessity to migrate," he said. "The majority of us do hard work like construction and farm labor, and we are poor. We live on what we make each day."

Oxfam and its partners provided immediate help to Chavez and others in Guatemala with food packages, portable toilets, drinking water, vitamins and rehydration drinks, canopies, and hygiene kits—which included information about how to report acts of violence and human trafficking. In Mexico, we distributed water, thermoses, pots of Vaseline for sore feet, and oral rehydration salts.

But we also provided financial support to local migrants' rights organizations and shelter networks, and called on the governments of Guatemala, Mexico, and the US to protect and guarantee the rights of asylum-seekers and ensure that children aren't separated from their families.

Oxfam President and CEO Abby Maxman visited Tijuana, Mexico, in January to meet with migrants, asylum-seekers, and partner organizations. "The migrants I met in Tijuana are no different than the people who first built our country and what generations of Americans have done: arrive with aspirations to build a better life," she said. "We should live up to our legacy as a welcoming nation that was built on the hard work of immigrants, rather than demonize and criminalize them."



ABOVE, TOP: Nelson Chavez, from El Salvador, left his home and walked to the Guatemala-Mexico border. "There are almost no opportunities to work in my country," Elizabeth Stevens/Oxfam

ABOVE, BOTTOM: Oxfam staff Alejandro Orozco and Sherry Toc deliver an inflatable mattress to a man arriving at a shelter in Tecún Umán, Guatemala. Alyssa Eisenstein/Oxfam

OPPOSITE: People from La Trinidad, Guatemala, evacuate their community after the eruption of Fuego volcano last June. Oxfam helped those who were displaced. James Rodriguez/Panos for Oxfam America

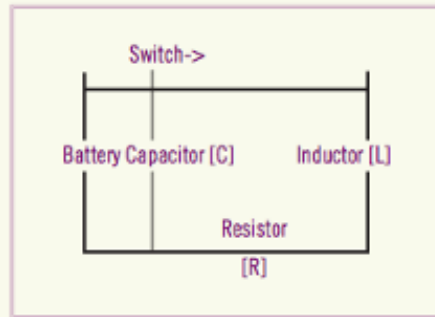
# Alignment

**Every item should have a visual connection with something else on the page.**

# Alignment

## Example 6: Value of a resistor in an electrical circuit.

Find the value of a resistor in an electrical circuit which will dissipate the charge to 1 percent of its original value within one twentieth of a second after the switch is closed.



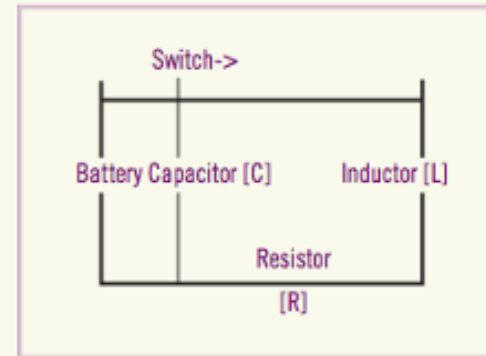
q0= 9 volts  
q(t)= 0.09 volts  
t= 0.05 seconds  
L= 8 henrys  
C= 0.0001 farads  
R= 300 ohms  
q(t)= 0.253889

1/[L*C_]	1250
[R_/(2*L)]^2	351.5625
SQRT(B15-B16)	29.973947
COS(T*B17)	0.07203653
-R_*T/(2*L)	-0.9375
Q0+EXP (B 19)	3.52445064

Bad alignment

## Example 6: Value of a resistor in an electrical circuit.

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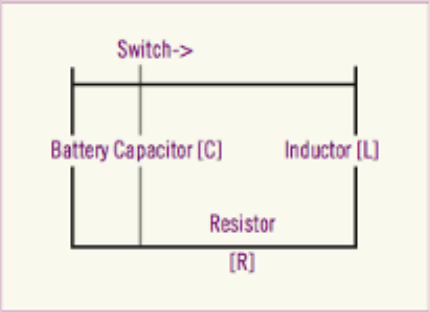
Good alignment—everything is connected to something

# Alignment + repetition

Share lines and repeat alignments where possible.

**Example 6: Value of a resistor in an electrical circuit.**

Find the value of a resistor in an electrical circuit which will dissipate the charge to 1 percent of its original value within one twentieth of a second after the switch is closed.



The circuit diagram shows a rectangular loop. At the top is a switch labeled 'Switch->'. On the left vertical wire is a battery. On the right vertical wire is an inductor labeled 'Inductor [L]'. On the bottom horizontal wire is a resistor labeled 'Resistor [R]'.

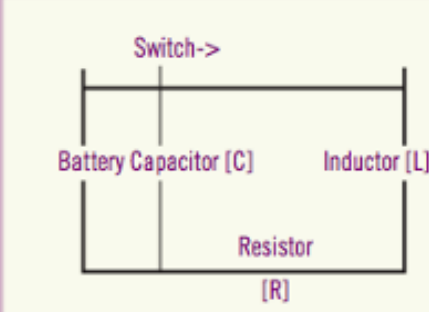
q0=	9	volts
q(t)=	0.09	volts
t=	0.05	seconds
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R=	300	ohms
q(t)=	0.253889	

1/[L*C_]	1250
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4 horizontal alignments; 3 vertical alignments

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q(t)=	0.09	volts
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1/[L*C_]	1250
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COS(T*B17)	0.07203653
-R_*T/(2*L)	-0.9375
Q0+EXP (B 19)	3.52445064

1 shared horizontal alignment; 2 vertical alignments

# Alignment + contrast

**Center + left is super common, but has weak contrast**

**Mixing left and right alignment provides stronger contrast**

## **Chapter 1**

Here's a title

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.

## **Chapter 1**

Here's a title

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.

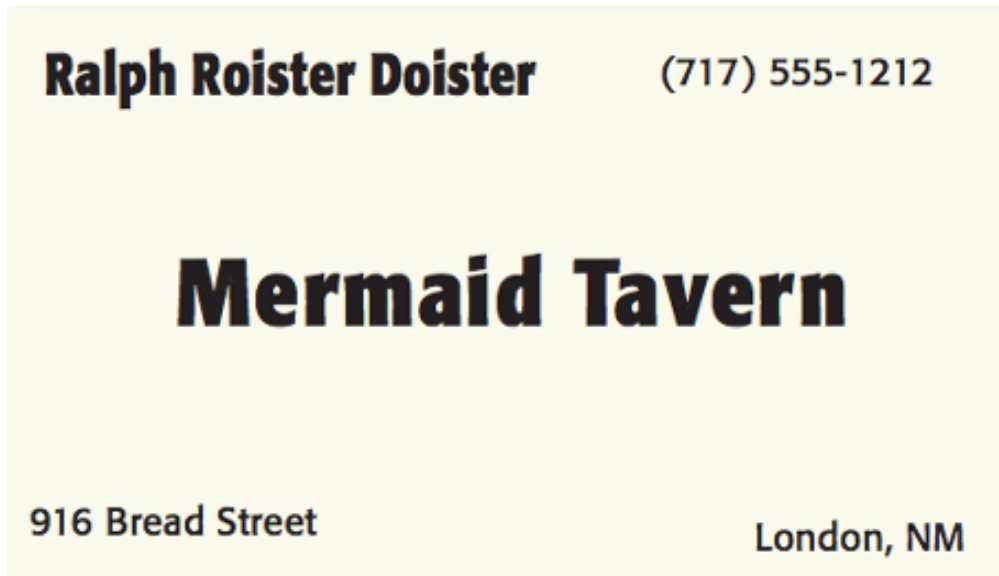
# Proximity

**Group related items together.**

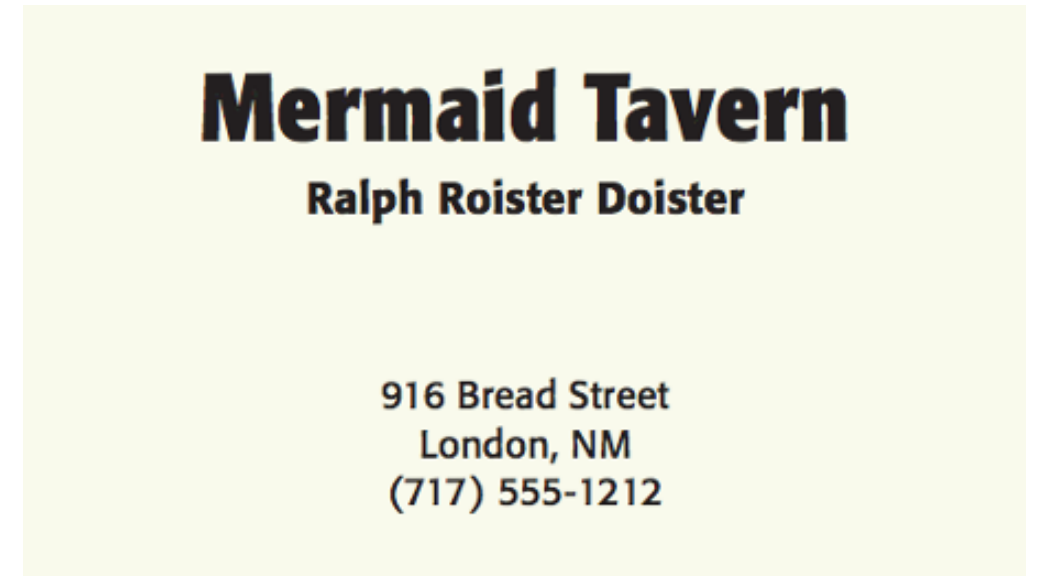


# Proximity

Use white space, color, location, contrast, repetition, alignment, etc. to make visually distinct groupings



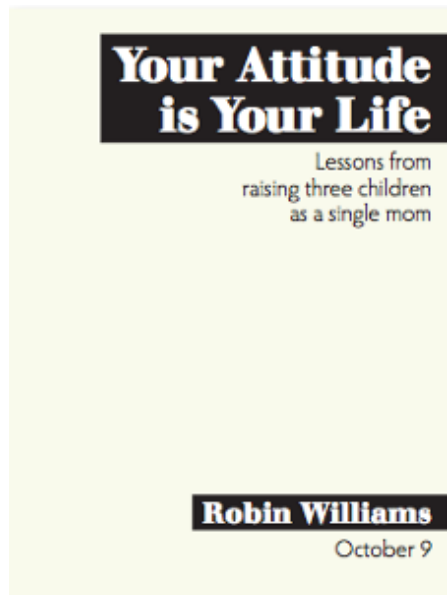
Bad proximity; no logical groupings



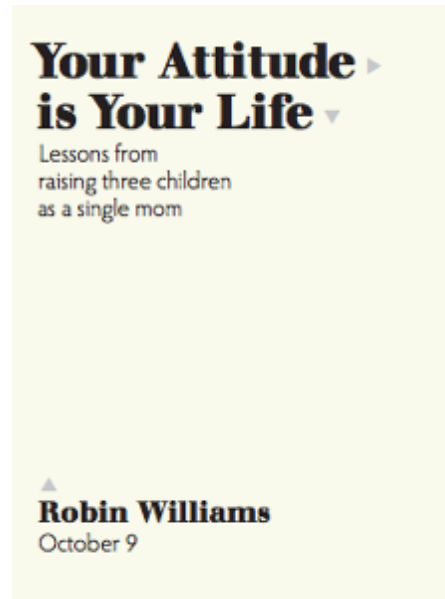
Good proximity; information visually grouped

# CRAP review

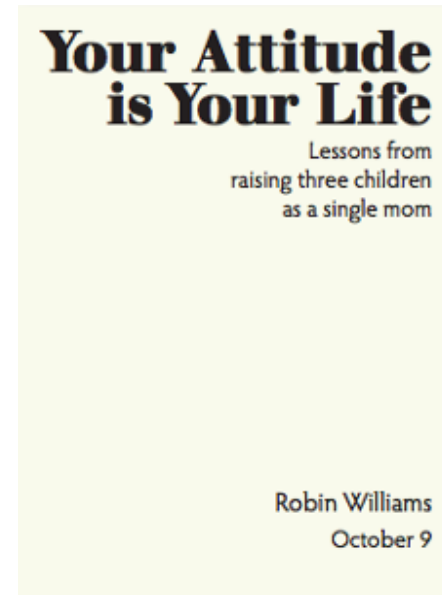
## Contrast



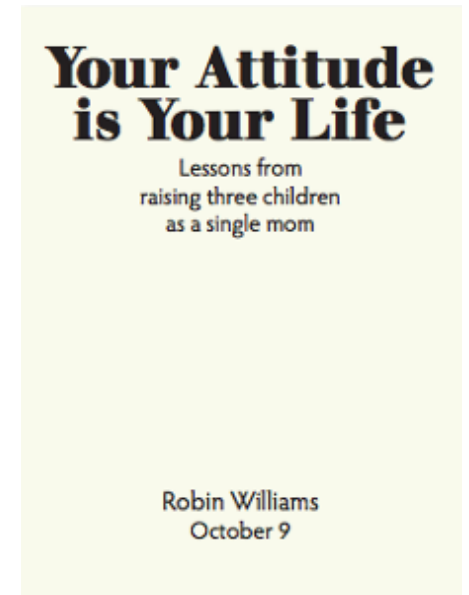
## Repetition



## Alignment



## Proximity

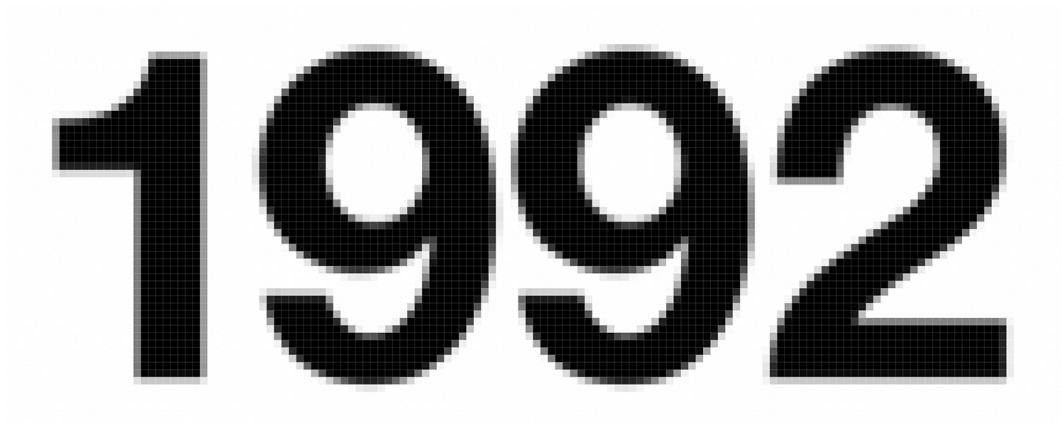




# Image types

# Image types

## Bitmaps



**JPEG:** Photographs

**PNG/GIF:** Images  
with limited colors

## Vectors

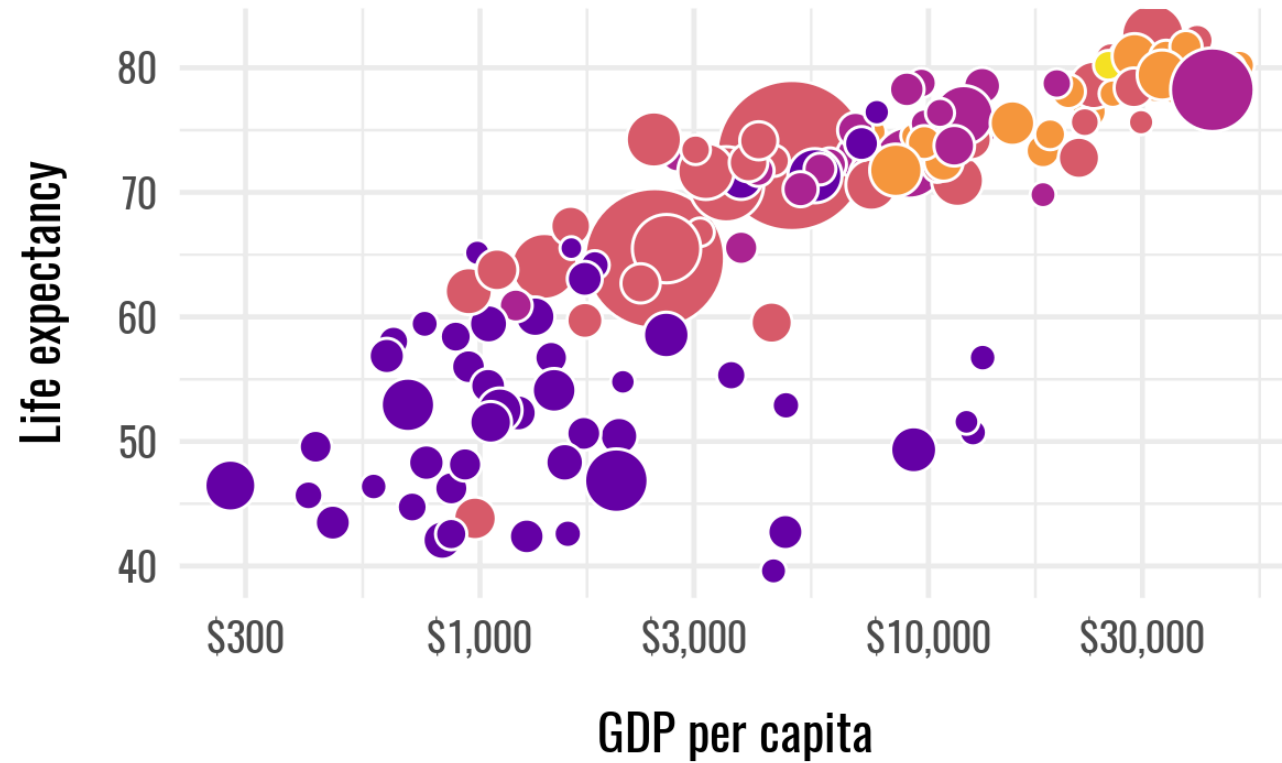


**PDF (or EPS):**  
Anything vector based

**SVG:** Vectors online

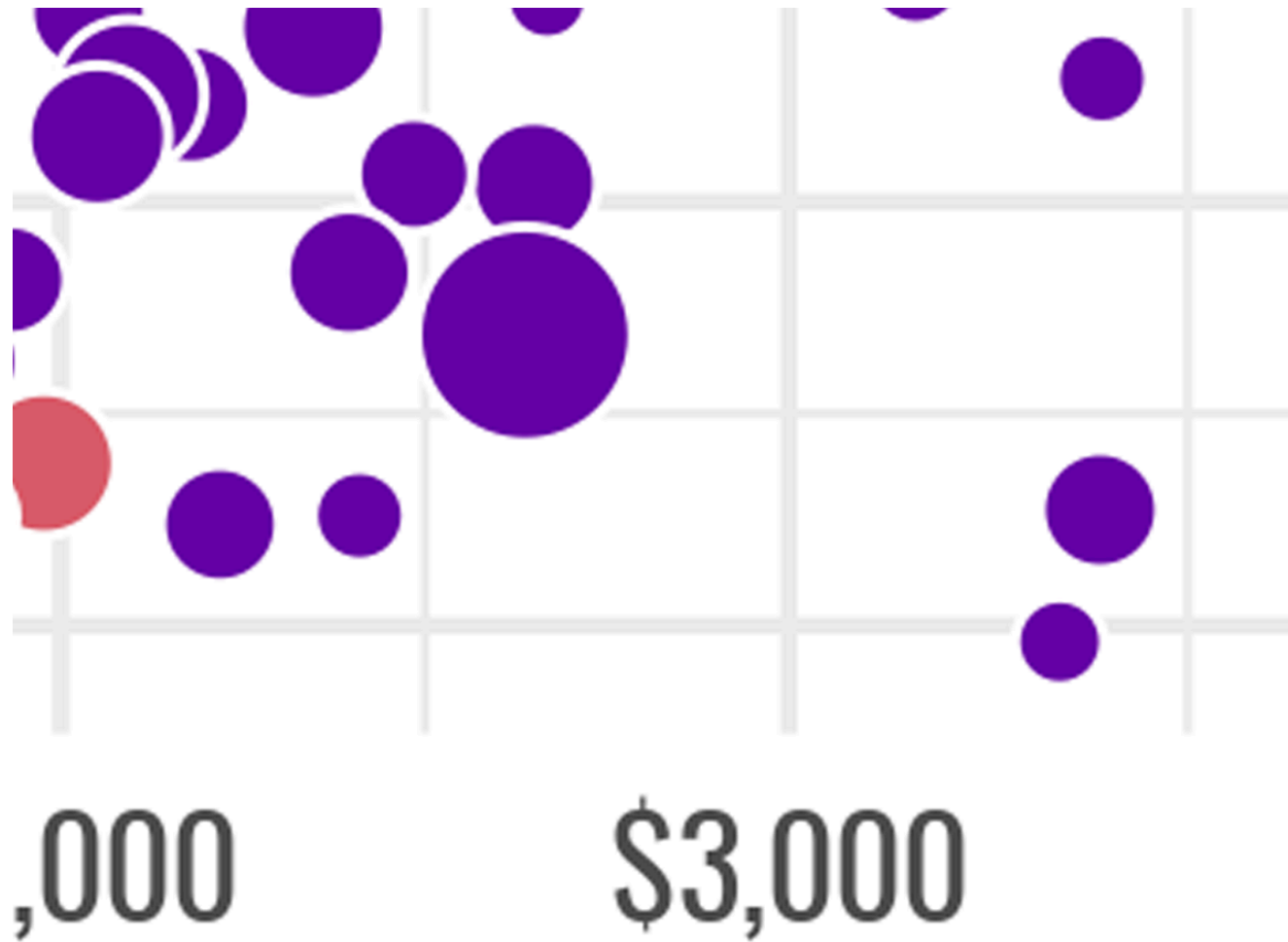
PNG • 130 KB

## Global health and wealth in 2007



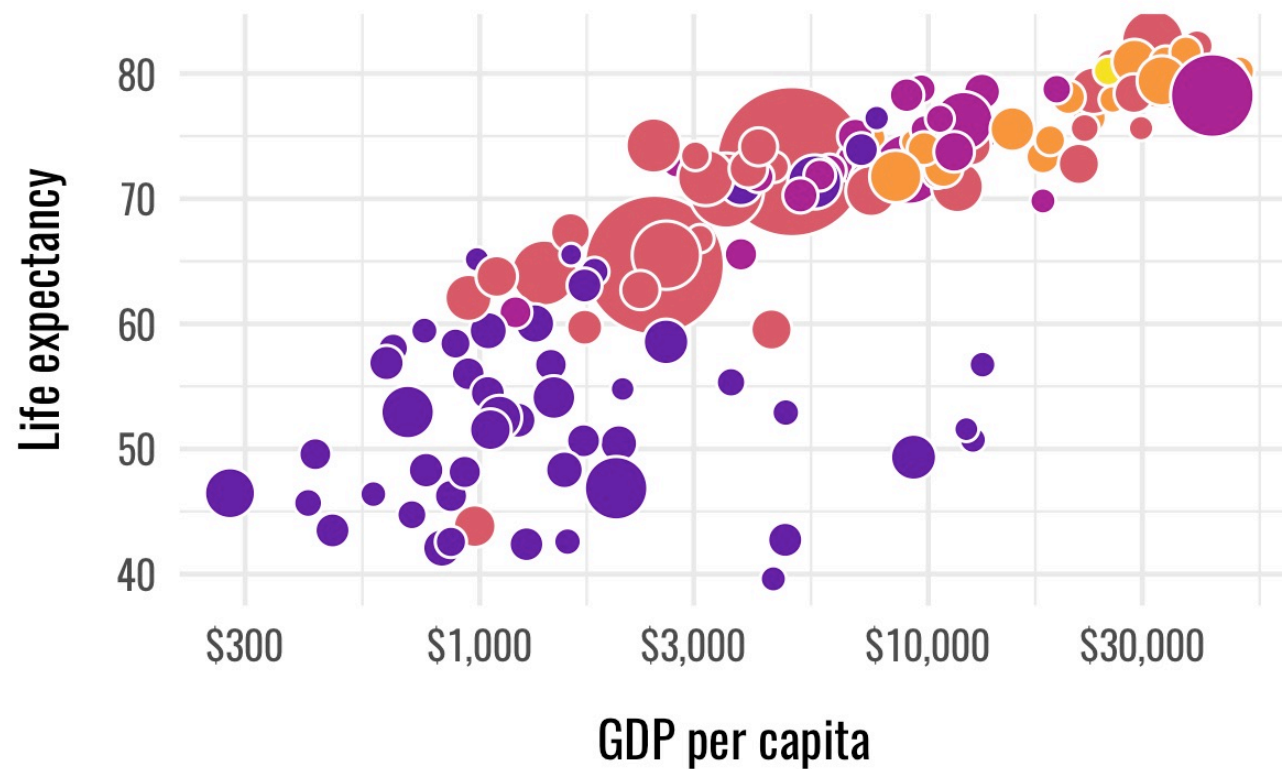
Source: Hans Rosling and the Gapminder Project

PNG • 130 KB • Zoomed



JPG • 75% quality • 161 KB

## Global health and wealth in 2007



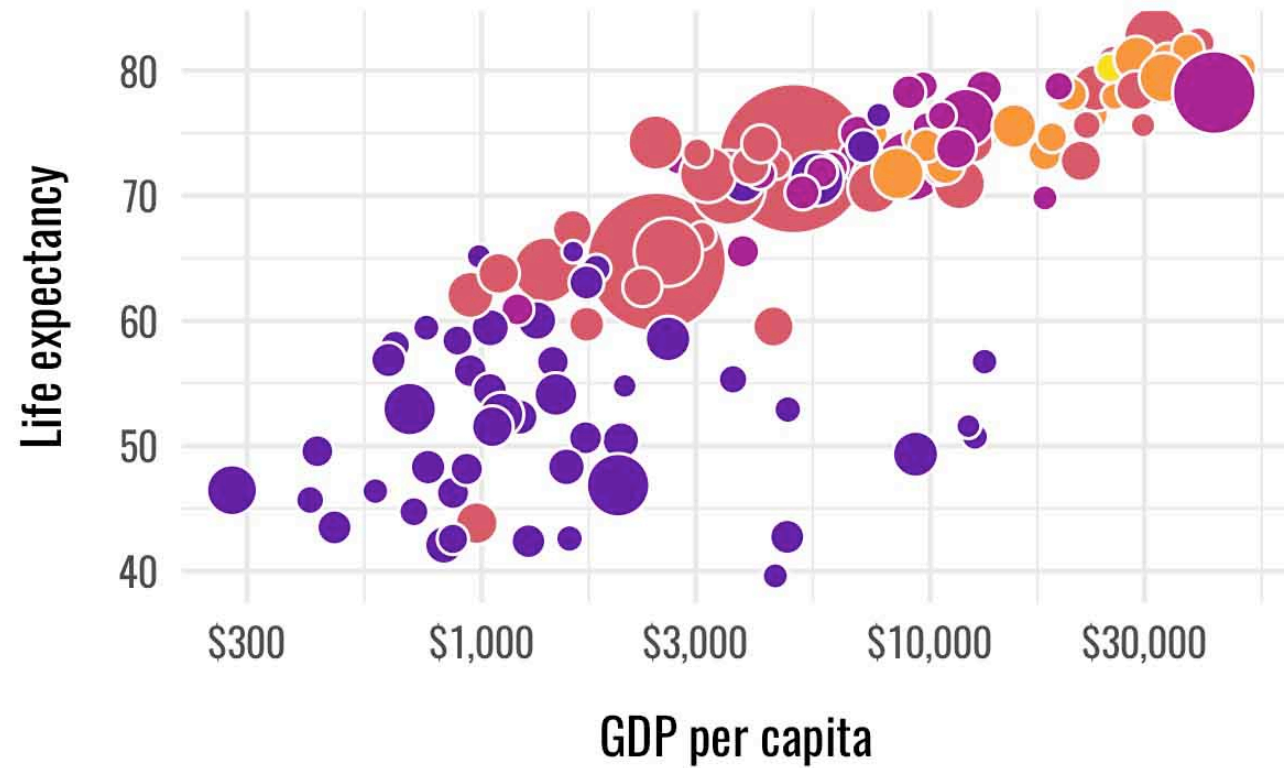
Source: Hans Rosling and the Gapminder Project

**JPG • 75% quality • 161 KB • Zoomed**



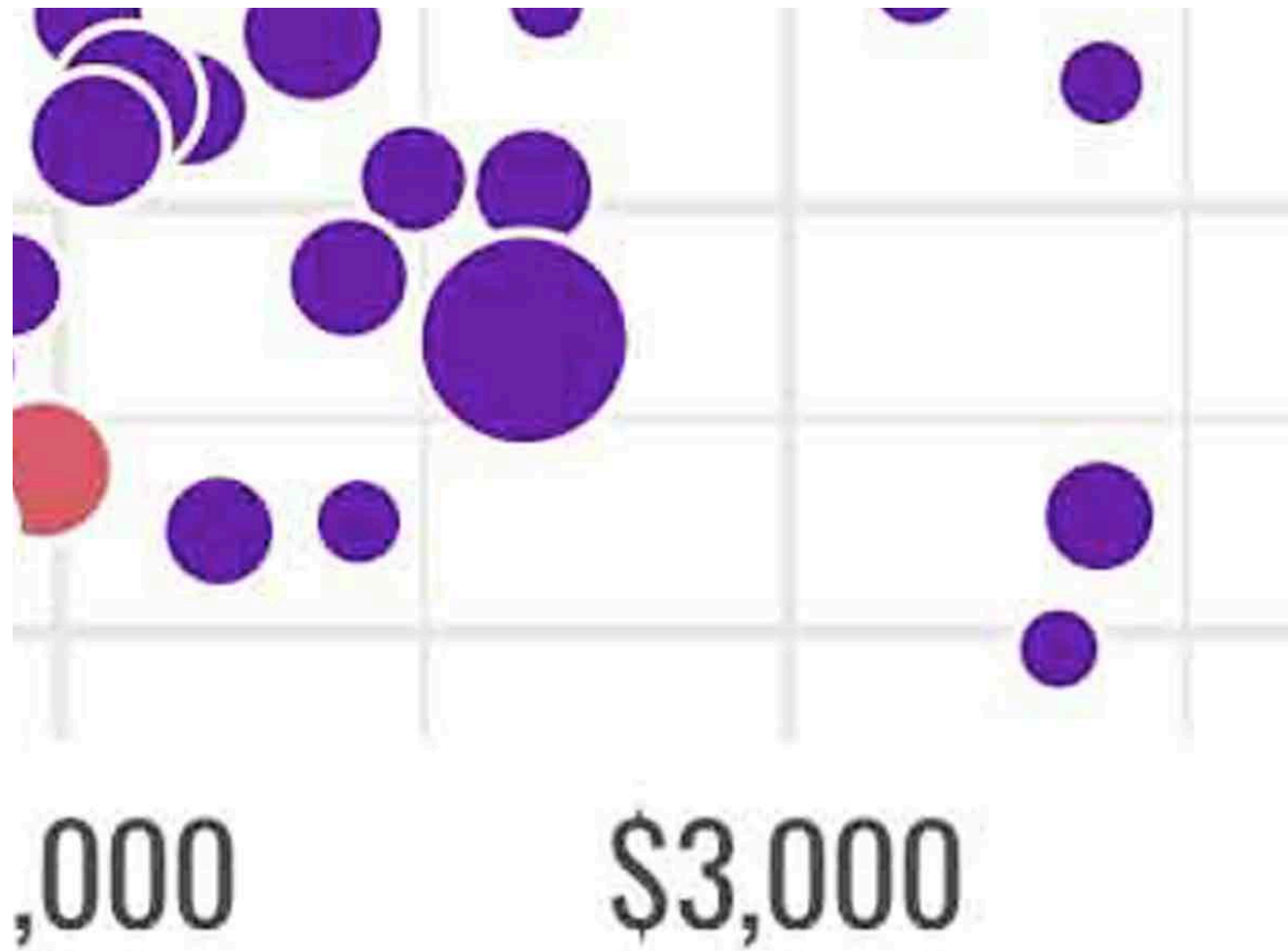
JPG • 10% quality • 88 KB

## Global health and wealth in 2007



Source: Hans Rosling and the Gapminder Project

JPG • 10% quality • 88 KB • Zoomed



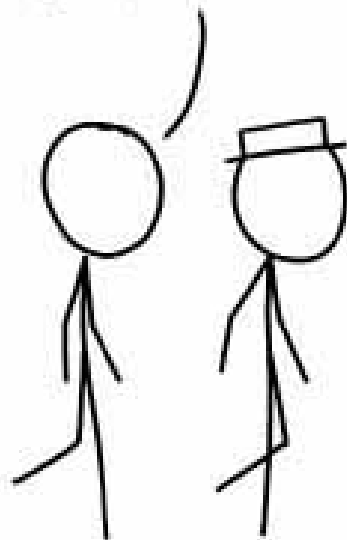




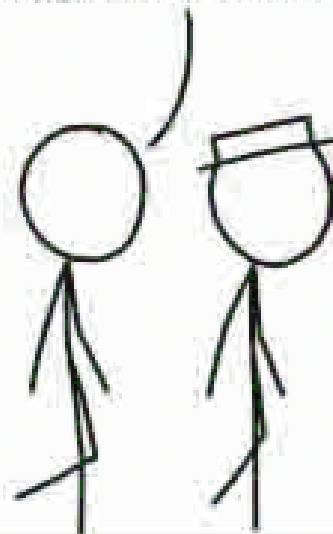
THE GREAT THING ABOUT  
DIGITAL DATA IS THAT  
IT NEVER DEGRADES.



HARD DRIVES FAIL,  
OF COURSE, BUT THEIR  
BITS CAN BE COPIED  
FOREVER WITHOUT LOSS.



FILM DEGRADES, PAINT  
CRACKS, BUT A COPY OF A  
CENTURY-OLD DATA FILE IS  
IDENTICAL TO THE ORIGINAL.



# In defense of the JPG



Benjamin, December 2017

**RAW**

No compression • 27.1 MB 🤯

**JPG**

75% quality • 3.2 MB

**JPG**

10% quality • 654 KB

**PNG**

32.9 MB 🤯

# Use the right file type



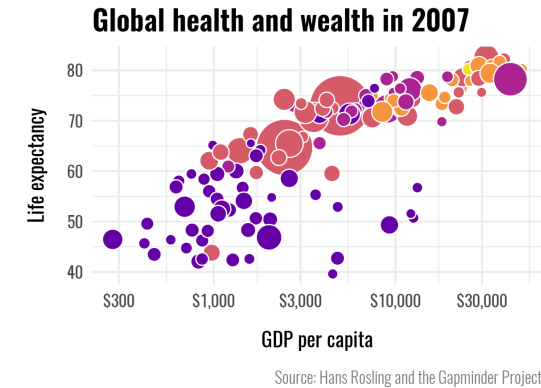
Photographs

Web

JPG

Print

JPG



Graphs & logos

Web

PNG or SVG

Print

PDF

# What programs do I use?

## Photos/bitmaps



Adobe Photoshop



GIMP



Canva

## Vectors



Adobe Illustrator



Inkscape



Gravit Designer

## Documents



Adobe InDesign



Scribus



Canva